

LGMG North America Inc.

## **Maintenance Manual**

## T65J/T72J/T85J

# Telescopic Boom Mobile Elevating Work Platform ANSI

## 

Before operation and maintenance, the drivers and service personnel shall always read and thoroughly understand all information in this manual. Failure to do so may result in, fatal accidents or personal injury.

This manual must be kept with this machine at all times.

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## Foreword

Thank you for choosing to use this Mobile Elevating Work Platform from LGMG North America. This machine is designed according to A92.20-2021. The information specified in this manual is intended for the safe and proper operation of this machine for its' intended purpose.

For maximum performance and utilization of this machine, thoroughly read and understand all the information in this manual before starting, operating, or performing maintenance on this machine.

Due to continuous product improvements, LGMG North America reserves the right to make specification changes without any prior notifications. For any updated information, contact LGMG North America.

Ensure all preventive maintenance to the machine is performed according to the interval specified in the maintenance schedule.

Keep this manual with this machine for reference at all times. When the ownership of this machine is transferred, this manual shall be transferred with this machine. This manual must be replaced immediately if it is lost, damaged, or becomes illegible.

This manual is copyrighted material. The reproduction or copy of this manual is not allowed without the written approval of LGMG North America.

The information, technical specifications and drawings in this manual are the latest available when this manual is issued. Due to continuous improvement, LGMG North America reserves the right to change the technical specifications and machine design without notice. If any specifications and information in the manual are not consistent with your machine, please contact the service department of LGMG North America.



Only personnel who have been properly trained and qualified to operate or maintain this machine can operate, repair and maintain this machine.

Improper operation, maintenance, and repair are dangerous and can cause personal injury and death.

Before any operation or maintenance, the operator shall thoroughly read this manual. Do not operate, perform any maintenance or make any repairs on this machine before reading and understanding this manual.

The user shall load the platform strictly according to the load rating of the platform. Do not overload the platform or make any modifications to the platform without permission from LGMG North America.

The operation regulations and preventions in this manual are only applicable for the specified use of this machine.



## **Safety Precautions**

The operator of this machine shall understand and follow the existing safety regulations of state and local governments. If these are unavailable, the safety instructions in this manual shall be followed.

To help prevent accidents, read and understand all warnings and precautions in this manual before operation or performing maintenance.

It is impossible to foresee every possible hazard and the safety instructions in this manual may not cover all safety prevention measures. Always ensure the safety of all personnel and protect the machine against any damage. If unable to confirm the safety of some operations, contact LGMG North America.

The operation & maintenance prevention measures listed in this manual are only applicable to the specified uses of this machine. LGMG North America assumes no responsibility if this machine is used beyond the range of this manual. The user and the operator shall be responsible for the safety of such operations.

Do not perform any operation forbidden in this manual in any situation.

The following signal words are applicable for identifying the level of safety information in this manual.



An imminent situation, that if not avoided, will result in severe injuries or death. This is also applicable to situations that will cause serious machine damage, if not avoided.



A potentially dangerous situation, that if not avoided, may result in severe injuries or death. This is also applicable to situations that may cause serious machine damage, if not avoided.



A situation, that if not avoided, may result in minor or intermediate injury. This is also applicable to situations that may cause machine damage or shorten machine service life.



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## **Chapter 1 Maintenance**



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### 1.1 Compliance

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- You accept the proper training of safety operation and machine maintenance, and have corresponding aptitudes.
- It is necessary to read, understand and adhere to all safety regulations of this manual, safety regulations of workplace and applicable laws and regulations of government.
- Protective articles, such as safety helmet, safety belt, work shoes, goggles and protective clothing, have been equipped all over the body, and the physical state is excellent.
- Operators can only conduct conventional inspection and maintenance items as specified in this manual.
- Only technical maintenance personnel who are trained and get corresponding certificates may complete scheduled maintenance.
- Waste and old materials shall be disposed according to government regulations and work site rules.
- 7) Only LGMG North America approved parts and consumables can be used.
- 8) Function test shall be always conducted upon maintenance.

### 1.2 Check the Safety Manual

It is necessary for safe equipment operation to keep the Operator and Safety Manual in good condition. The manual shall be stored in a container in the working platform provided by each machine. An illegible or missing manual will not provide the necessary safety and operation information for safe operation.

- 1) Check that the storage container is on site and in good condition.
- Check that the Operator and Safety Manual is complete in the storage container on the work platform.
- 3) Check that each page of the manual is identifiable and in good condition.
- 4) Put the manual in the storage file box after

use.

 $\cancel{!}$  If the manual need to be replaced,

please contact the service staff of LGMG North America.

# 1.3 Check for labels and signs

It is required to keep all safety and description labels and signs in a good condition for safe operation of the platform. Labels warn operators and staff of many possible hazards in using the platform. They also provide users with operation and maintenance information. Illegible labels cannot warn staff of steps or hazards and may lead to unsafe operating conditions.

Refer to the label section in this operation manual and use the label menu and instructions to check that all labels are in place.

Check the clarity and damage of all the labels and immediately replace any damaged or illegible label.

 $\cancel{!}$  If the labels need to be replaced,

please contact the service staff of LGMG North America.

### 1.4 Check for damaged, loose or missing parts

This step is performed every 8 hours or every day, whichever comes first.

Carrying out daily equipment status check is necessary for ensuring safe equipment operation and maintaining good equipment performance. Incorrect positioning, repairing damaged equipment, and loose or missing parts may result in unsafe operating conditions.

- 1) Check for damaged parts for the whole platform, and check for incorrect installation or missing parts and components, including:
- Electrical components, wirings and cables

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- Hydraulic hoses, connectors, valve blocks and hydraulic cylinders
- Fuel and hydraulic tanks
- Wear-resistant pads
- Tires and wheels
- Engine and related components
- Limit switch and horn
- Nuts, bolts and other fasteners
- Platform entrance door
- Indicators and alarms
- Platform controller
- 2) Check the entire machine for:
- Cracks in welds or structural components
- Whether the platform, boom and chassis are deformed or have cracked weld joints.
- Indentation or damage to the machine
- Ensure that all structural components and other key components are complete and all relevant fasteners and pins are in the correct position and tightened.

# 1.5 Check for Hydraulic Oil Level

This step is performed every 8 hours or every day, whichever comes first.

Proper hydraulic oil level is crucial in operating the machine. If the hydraulic oil is at an improper level, the hydraulic components will be damaged. Through a daily inspection, the inspector can determine the hydraulic oil level change which indicates that the hydraulic system is faulty.

## $\underline{\land}$ Caution: Perform this step when

#### the boom is in the retracted position.

• Park the vehicle on the flat site. Fully retract the boom.

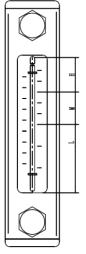


Figure 1-1 Oil Level Sight Gauge

• Examine the oil level on the hydraulic oil tank, i.e., level shall fall within the M range shown as Figure 1-1, and in the case of level within the L range, it is necessary to add hydraulic oil

Use temperature	Oil type
The lowest temperature>	L-HV 32 low temperature
<b>-25</b> ℃	hydraulic oil
-40°C < The lowest	L-HS32 ultra low
temperature≤-25°C	temperature hydraulic oil
The lowest temperature≤-40 ℃	10# aviation hydraulic oil

## 1.6 Check for Hydraulic Oil Leakage

This step is performed every 8 hours or every day, whichever comes first.

# **Caution: Personal injury danger,**

#### i.e., leaking hydraulic oil can penetrate or burn skin. Wear goggles and protective gloves.

 Leakage of high-pressure oil may be invisible to eyes, use cardboard or wooden boards as a search tool for hydraulic oil leakage. Hands shall be prohibited from being used for leakage confirmation. Inspect oil drops or residual oil on the following components:

**Maintenance Manual** 

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 Hydraulic oil tank, filter, pump, hydraulic oil cylinder, motor, reduction gear, valve block and hydraulic tubing.

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 Rear of boom, fly jib, upper side of turntable, upper and lower sides of chassis, and ground underneath equipment.

## 1.7 Check the Pivoting Support

The turntable shall rotate smoothly without jamming, and meshing play between the turntable bearing and the swing gearbox is measured using a feeler gauge, which shall be between 0.2mm and 0.3mm. Measurement is conducted every 250 h or quarterly.

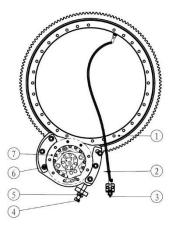


Figure 1-2

- Unscrew bolt 6 and locking nut 5
- Turn adjusting bolt 4 to adjust the position of the swing gearbox
- Measure play between the turntable bearing and the swing gearbox using a feeler gauge
- If the play ranges from 0.2mm to 0.3mm, tighten lock nut 5 and bolt 6
- Measure play between the turntable bearing and the swing gearbox again to verify the measurement
- Tighten bolt 6, and torque to  $(595\pm55)$ N.m.
- Check lubrication in the turntable bearing and the swing gearbox at intervals of 100 hours. It is necessary for maintaining performance and maintenance life to

Iubricate the turntable bearing frequently. Incorrect Iubrication will cause damage to components. As shown in Figure 1-2, find the grease port 3 on the side of the bearing, swing the turntable multiple times while filling grease until grease overflows from the upper and lower fixed surfaces of the bearing. Lubricating grease must be: Lubrication EP2 or equivalent.

 Inspect the lubrication of the turntable bearing and the swing gearbox, if necessary, clean the gear surface, and recoat with grease.

## $\underline{\bigwedge}$ Caution: In the case of an

extremely dirty working environment, increase the oil filling frequency.

### **1.8 Check for Batteries**

This check item is performed every 250 hours or quarterly, whichever comes first.

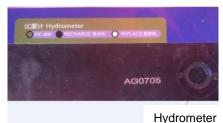
Keep away from fireworks and remove all rings, watches and other accessories. Wear goggles, protective gloves and protective clothing if necessary. Avoid touching the spilled electrolyte with hands or other parts of the body. Neutralize with baking soda and the spilled electrolyte.

Good battery condition is essential for machine performance and safe operation. Improper voltage or damaged cables and wiring may cause component damage and dangerous situations.

## Maintenance-free lead-acid battery inspection:

- Check that the battery locking lever is secure
- Check the wiring of the battery cable. The wiring is firm and free from corrosion.
- Check whether the battery fluid leaks and whether the battery is dry and clean.
- Check the color of the battery hydrometer as shown in the figure:





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Figure 1-3

Battery hydrometer

Hydrometer color	Meaning and treatment		
White	Lack of battery fluid. Please shut down the machine and stop using it		
Black	Power loss or damage		
Green	Measure the voltage of each battery. If the voltage is lower than 11V, it indicates that the battery is damaged; The voltage is between 12.4v-12.7, indicating that the battery is in good condition		

If the color of the battery hydrometer is green and the voltage is above 12V, but the starter cannot be driven, please ask the personnel trained and qualified for the maintenance of the machine to further test the battery.

#### **Battery recharge:**

- Before charging, disconnect the negative connection of the battery first, and then the positive connection of the battery.
- Before replenishing electricity, clean the end column and remove the oxide scale on the surface.

 $\cancel{N}$  Note: If an external power

supply is required to charge the battery, only the charger approved by the LGMG North America can be used.

- Do not replenish the battery with white eyes. Replace the battery.
- When wiring after charging, connect

the positive wire first and then the negative wire.



protector and an anti-corrosion sealant will help remove corrosion caused to battery terminals and cables.

### **1.9 Check the Wires**

This check should be performed every 250 h or quarterly, whichever comes first.

It is important for safe operation and good machine performance to keep the wires in good conditions. Failure to find and replace the burn-out, scratched, corroded or bent wires will result in unsafe operating conditions and damage to the parts.

#### Risk of electric shock/explosion

Contact with live circuits may cause serious injury or death. Do not wear rings, watches or other jewelry.

- 1) Check the following areas for burn-out, scratched, corroded, bent or loose wires:
- Engine wiring harness
- All wire harness connectors to ground control box
- All wire harness connectors to platform control box
- Hydraulic manifold wiring
- Battery harness
- Cables on the primary, secondary and jib booms
- 2) Check whether all wire harness connectors are coated with insulating grease:
- Ground control unit
- Platform control unit
- Harness connectors
- Sensor

# 1.10 Check for Tires and Hubs

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This check item is performed every 250 hours or quarterly, whichever comes first.

Keeping tires and hubs in a good condition is critical for safe operation and good performance. Failure of the tires and hubs may cause the platform to tilt. If such failure is not found and repaired in time, it will also cause damage to platform parts.

- Check treads and sides of tires for scratches, cracks, punctures, and other abnormal wear.
- 2) Check if the hubs are damaged, bent or cracked.
- 3) Check whether or not the technological screws for tires are detached. Upon the detaching of screws, if there is slight or no leakage of fillers, and no significant deformation is found for the tire body, and users can knock in screws which are slightly larger than the diameter (about 5mm) of the vent hole with a hammer. If leakage of a large quantity of fillers is found, and the tire body deforms significantly, it is necessary to reduce the height of the working platform and replace the tires timely.
- 4) Check for nut torque of tires:

T65J/T72J:305±25N.m

T85J:440±44 N.m.

# 1.11 Check the Drive Hub Oil Level

Inspect the oil level of the drive hubs every 250 h or quarterly. Improper oil level will result in reduced performance. Continuous use will result in damage to components.

1) Inspect oil level of traveling gearbox



Figure 1-4 Traveling Gearbox 1. Oil filler 2. Viewing port

- Drive the machine until one plug is located at the horizontal position as shown as shown in Figure 1-4.
- Remove the viewing port plug at the horizontal position, and inspect oil level.
- Result: Oil level shall be flush with the bottom of the viewing port.
- If necessary, add oil at the oil filler until the oil level is flush with the bottom of the viewing port, select gear oil by referring to Machine Specifications section.
- Coat the plugs with pipe thread sealant and install the plugs.
- Repeat this step for every drive hub.

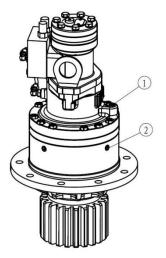


Figure 1-5 Swing Gearbox 1. Oil filler 2. Viewing port

- 2) Inspect oil level of swing gearbox
- Remove the plug on the side and inspect the oil level, as shown in Figure 1-5.

Result: Oil level shall be flush with viewing port (2).

• If necessary, add gear oil at the oil filler plug until the oil level is flush with the bottom of

the viewing port, select gear oil by referring to the Machine Specifications section.

• Coat the plugs with pipe thread sealant and install the plugs.

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 Replace lubricant after the first 50h of use, then every 1,000 h or yearly, whichever comes first.

Condition	Oil viscosity brand (API GL-5)	
Condition		
30° C <the lowest<="" td=""><td>85W/140</td></the>	85W/140	
temperature	0377/140	
-10° C <the lowest<="" td=""><td>05111/00</td></the>	05111/00	
temperature<30°C	85W/90	
-30° C <the lowest<="" td=""><td>0.011/00</td></the>	0.011/00	
temperature<-10°C	80W/90	
The lowest temperature <		
-30° C	75W	

## 1.12 Check for Exhaust Cover of Hydraulic Oil Tank

This check item is performed every 250 hours or quarterly, whichever comes first.

An unobstructed hydraulic oil tank cap is essential for good mechanical performance and long service life of the platform. A dirty or clogged exhaust cover may result in poor platform performance. Given harsh working environment, more frequent check is required.

① Remove the exhaust cover from the hydraulic oil tank cap.

2 Check for ventilation.

Result: Air can pass through the exhaust cover.

Result: If air does not pass through the exhaust cover, continue with Step 3.

## $\underline{\land !}$ Notice: Air is supposed to pass

## freely while checking ventilation of the oil tank cap.

③ Carefully clean the tank exhaust cover with mild solvent and dry it with low pressure compressed air. Repeat Step 2.

Install the exhaust cover of the hydraulic oil tank.

# 1.13 Visual Inspection of the Hydraulic Oil

This check item shall be conducted every 250 hours or quarterly, whichever comes first.

Collect a sample of hydraulic oil and place in a clear container. Visually inspect the hydraulic oil for the following:

- Color: oil should be a clear, light-honey colored.
- Appearance: oil should be clear and not cloudy or visibly distorts the view through the sight glass or container.
- Contains no particles, foreign objects, or other contamination.
- The hydraulic oil can be inspected by smell (can smell "hot" but not "burnt") or rubbing between fingers (should feel viscous and free of any rough feel due to particles) If the hydraulic oil passes all of the above inspections, continue the scheduled maintenance intervals. If the hydraulic oil fails any of the above inspections, the hydraulic oil must be tested by an oil distributor or replaced.

Note: If the hydraulic oil has not been replaced for two years, the oil must be tested every quarter by an oil distributor until the oil fails the test and is replaced. After the oil has been replaced, continue the scheduled quarterly maintenance inspection.

Note: When replacing the hydraulic oil, it is recommended that all hydraulic filters be replaced at the same time.

### 1.14 Check the Wire Rope

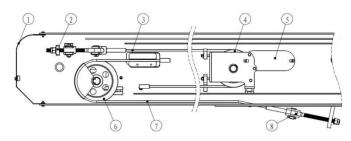


Figure 1-6 Boom Telescope System

- 1. Cover Plate
- 2. Extend Rope Anchor
- 3. Extend Rope
- 4. Extension Pulley Block

- 5. Cover Plate
- 6. Retract Pulley Block

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- 7. Retract Rope
- 8. Retract Rope Anchor

After long-term operation of equipment, the wire rope will stretch, resulting in boom sections not synchronized, separation of wire rope from pulley, boom shaking during extension, contact of wire rope to inner wall of boom sections or rubbing between wire rope and inner wall of the boom and other problems. It is necessary to conduct periodic checks on the condition of the wire rope. Inspect the stretching wire rope for stretching every 250 h or quarterly.

- Raise the boom to horizontal, extend the boom, and inspect if the second-section and third-section booms are synchronized in the extension process of the boom. If the third-section boom lags behind the second-section boom, this means the wire rope is loose.
- Raise the boom to horizontal, extend the boom, and inspect whether or not the third-section boom shakes or if there is "flap" sound from the wire rope whipping the inside of the boom section during extension. If this happens, it indicates the wire rope is loose.
- Remove the rear cover plate (1) of the boom, and see if the extend rope anchor (2) deflects to one side. See if the retract rope anchor (8) deflects to one side. If deflection exists, it means the wire rope is loose.
- 4) Raise the boom to horizontal, extend the boom completely, remove the rear cover plate (1) and the side cover plate (5), and visually inspect for wear on the extension pulley block (4,) the retract pulley block (6), the extend rope (3) and the retract rope (7). The pulley shall be fixed firmly secured without play, non-uniform wear of the pulley groove shall be less than 3mm, and the wear of the pulley flange shall be smaller than 10% of the original wall thickness. There must be no loosening, breaks, and serious corrosion in the wire rope. During extension and retracting, there must be no

flapping in the pulley. In the case of any abnormalities, stop using the machine immediately and tag out the machine.

#### **Replacement of the Wire Rope**

It is required that this procedure should be performed each 7000 hours or 12 years, whichever comes first.

More frequent inspection or replacement (if necessary) is required when:

- The machine is operated in harsh environment;
- The boom involves seizure or unusual noise during operation;
- The machine is out of service for a long time;
- The boom is overloaded or subject to continuous impact load;
- The boom is exposed to electric arc, by which the strands in the rope may be fused together.

Regular replacement of wire rope is essential for machine to maintain good performance and safe operation.

Please refer to the **Service manual** for steps for replacement of boom extend and retract cables: *How to replace the wire rope*.

# 1.15 Inspection of engine emission system

This inspection shall be performed every 250h or every quarter, whichever comes first.

A normal exhaust system is very important to the performance and service life of the engine, and if the exhaust system is damaged, component damage or other safety hazards may be caused.

## $\underline{\bigwedge}$ CAUTION: Do not perform the

inspection when the engine is running, and instead, remove the key to prevent misoperation.

 $\bigwedge$  CAUTION: Do not perform the

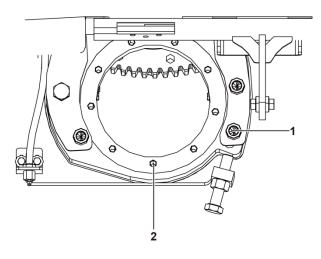
## inspection until the engine is cooled down.

- 1) Ensure that all fasteners are well tightened;
- 2) Check all welds;
- 3) Check for exhaust leakage;
- 4) Check the welds and connections for carbon deposit.

## 1.16 Inspection of fixing bolts and adjusting bolts of slewing reducer

This inspection shall be performed every 500h or every 6 months, whichever comes first.

An appropriate tightening of fasteners is essential for the safe operation of the machine, and if any fastener is loose, machine damage or other safety hazards may be caused.





Tightening torque of bolt 1: 595±55N.m

Tightening torque of bolt 2: 190±19N.m

# 1.17 Platform weighing structure lubrication

This operation is performed every 500 hours or every six months, whichever comes first. Shorten the maintenance interval in harsh working environments.

Regular lubrication of the platform weighing structure is necessary to maintain good

equipment performance and safe operation. Incorrect lubrication will lead to component damage.

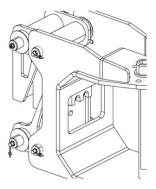


Figure 1-8

- Locate the pin grease nipple at the triangle bracket assembly.
- Fill grease until grease spills on both sides of the triangle bracket assembly. (Lithium base grease)
- Wipe off spilled grease.

# 1.18 Replacing the return filter of hydraulic tank

 $/\!\!\!\!/$  Risk of personal injury. Be careful

of hot oil. The contact with hot oil will cause severe burns.

 $\triangle$  This step shall be performed when

the engine is shut down.

 $\bigtriangleup$  In a dusty working environment,

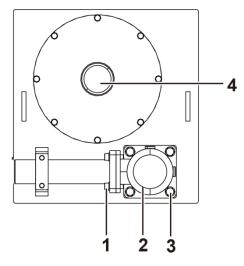
# this step should be performed more frequently.

Perform this step once every 500 h or every six months, whichever comes first.

Replacing the return filter is crucial for superior performance and service life of the machine. Dirty or clogged filter may affect the performance of the machine, and if not replaced, may cause damage to the parts. The filter shall be replaced frequently in a harsh working

#### environment.

Park the machine on a solid and level ground. Lower the arm rod and make the machine retracted.





No.	Description	Tightening	
INO.	Description	torque	
1	Connecting bolt between	52±5N.m	
	oil return pipe and filter	021014.111	
2	Return filter	-	
3	Connecting bolt between	90±9N.m	
5	filter and tank	00±011.111	
4	Air cleaner	-	

1 Disconnect the main oil return pipe from the return filter.

2 Remove the plug on the return filter.

③ Disconnect the return filter from the hydraulic tank.

4 Remove the old filter and install a new one.

 $\ensuremath{\textcircled{5}}$   $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Refit}}$  the main oil return pipe and the plug.

(6) Use a marker to write down the replacement date on the filter replacement record.

 $\ensuremath{\textcircled{}}$   $\ensuremath{\textcircled{}}$  Implement any arm rod function with the GCU.

(8) Check the filter components for oil leakage.

# 1.19 Replacing the high-pressure filter element

/ Risk of personal injury. Be careful

of hot oil. The contact with hot oil will cause severe burns.

 $\bigtriangleup$  This step shall be performed when

the engine is shut down.

 $\triangle$  In a dusty working environment,

# this step should be performed more frequently.

Perform this step once every 500 h or every six months, whichever comes first.

Replacing the high-pressure filter element is crucial for superior performance and service life of the machine. Dirty or clogged filter may affect the performance of the machine, and if not replaced, may cause damage to the parts. The filter element shall be replaced more frequently in a harsh working environment.

Park the machine on a solid and level ground. Lower the arm rod and make the machine retracted.

- 1) Place a suitable container under the filter.
- Remove the nut at the bottom of the filter cover with a wrench, and remove the filter cover.
- Take out the filter element from the filter cover.
- Check the seal of the filter cover, and replace it when necessary.
- 5) Install a new high-pressure filter element, and tighten it.
- Wipe off any oil droplets splashed during installation.

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- Use a marker to write down the replacement date on the filter replacement record.
- 8) Implement any arm rod function with the GCU.
- 9) Check the filter components for oil leakage.

# 1.20 Replacing the air cleaner

Perform this step once every 1000 h or every year, whichever comes first.

In a dusty working environment, this step should be performed more frequently.

## $\triangle$ This step shall be performed when

#### the engine is shut down.

- 1) Remove the old air cleaner.
- 2) Install a new air cleaner.

# 1.21 Check the Boom Wear Pad

Perform this step once every 1000 h or every year, whichever comes first.

- The wear pad is located on the housing surface and inner wall of the boom to reduce friction. It is necessary for safe operation of the machine to maintain the wear pad in good condition. Continuous use of wear pads that are extremely worn will result in damage to components and unsafe operating conditions.
- 2) Extend the boom to check if the wear pad loosens, if the wear pad loosens, torque the securing bolt. Inspect play between the wear pad and the boom, if the play is more than 1mm, arrange shims to achieve zero play and zero drag. Replace the wear pad if necessary. Part numbers of shims, please refer to the Parts Manual, and select the correct parts. Upon installation of the shims, it is necessary to extend the boom multiple times to eliminate potential binding.

## 1.22 Changing hydraulic oil and replacing the suction filter

🖄 Risk of personal injury. Be careful

of hot oil. The contact with hot oil will cause severe burns.

 $\bigwedge$  This step shall be performed when

the engine is shut down.

 $\triangle$  In a dusty working environment,

# this step should be performed more frequently.

Perform this step once every 2,000 h or every two years, whichever comes first.

Changing hydraulic oil and replacing the filter are crucial for superior performance and service life of the machine. Dirty hydraulic oil and filter may affect the performance of the machine, and if not replaced, may cause damage to the parts. Hydraulic oil and filter shall be replaced more frequently in a harsh working environment.

Before changing the hydraulic oil, check the hydraulic oil to verify if oil change is necessary. If the hydraulic oil has passed the inspection conducted at an interval of 2000 h or two years, and thus not been changed, it shall be checked on a quarterly basis. Change the hydraulic oil if it does not pass the inspection.

# CAUTION: The hydraulic oil

suction filter should be replaced during change of the hydraulic oil.





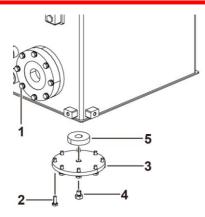
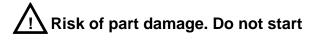


Figure 1-10

-		
No.	Description	Tightening
110.		torque
1	Oil suction flange bolt	28±3N.m
2	Oil drain flange bolt	28±3N.m
3	Oil drain flange	-
4	Screw plug	-
5	Ring magnet	-

Park the machine on a solid and level ground. Lower the arm rod and make the machine retracted.

1) Close all the ball valves (if any) on the hydraulic tank.



the engine when the ball valves of the hydraulic tank are closed; otherwise the parts will be damaged. If the ball valves are closed, it is required to remove the key from the key switch and hang a warning sign on the equipment.



#### hot oil can penetrate and burn the skin.

- 2) Place a proper container under the hydraulic tank.
- Remove the oil drain plug from the hydraulic tank.
- 4) Drain the hydraulic oil from the hydraulic

tank completely into a suitable container.

- 5) Remove the oil drain flange and the ring magnet.
- Remove the suction filter from the hydraulic tank.
- 7) Flush the inside of the hydraulic tank with a mild solvent. (Clean it with chemical cleaning agent at first. After drying, flush with clean hydraulic oil and drain the oil.)
- Remove the foreign objects adsorbed by the ring magnet.
- 9) Install a new suction filter.
- 10) Refit the ring magnet, oil drain flange and oil drain plug.
- 11) Add the hydraulic oil to the hydraulic tank until the oil level is at specified position of the level gauge (refer to the section about inspection of hydraulic oil level). Ensure that the hydraulic oil doesn't overflow.
- 12) Remove the possibly splashed hydraulic oil.
- 13) Open the ball valves on the hydraulic tank.

## Risk of part damage. After

installing the hydraulic tank, be sure to open the two ball valves of the hydraulic tank and inject oil to the pump.



## drain plug and filter, be sure to apply pipe thread sealant.

- 14) Check all functions of the machine in a full cycle, and check for oil leakage.
- 15) After a working cycle is finished, recheck the oil level of the hydraulic tank, and add oil until specified oil level is reached. Ensure that the hydraulic oil doesn't overflow.

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The lowest temperature> -25°C	L-HV 32 low temperature hydraulic oil
-40°C <the lowest<br="">temperature≤-25°C</the>	L-HS32 ultra low temperature hydraulic oil
The lowest temperature≤ -40°C	10# aviation hydraulic oil

## 1.23 Engine maintenance-DEUTZ

### 1.23.1 Check for Engine Oil Level



✓ Do not operate on running

engines! No smoking and open fires! Be careful when contacting with high temperature engine oil. Danger of scalding!

 $\bigwedge$  When operating on the oil system,

pay attention to the surface cleaning. Carefully clean all areas involved. Blow wet parts with compressed air.



regulations for engine oil and relevant local regulations. Dispose of spilled engine oil and filter elements as required. Waste oil cannot penetrate into the ground.

✓ Test run shall be carried out after

each operation. At the same time, pay attention to the sealing and lubricating oil pressure, and then check the engine oil level. Check the engine oil level every 8 hours or every day.

Insufficient or excessive engine oil may cause damage to the engine. The engine oil level can only be checked when the engine is placed horizontally and closed. If the engine is hot, close the engine and check the engine oil level 5 minutes later. Check it immediately if the engine is cooled.

- 1) Insert the oil measuring rod and clean it with a piece of clean and fiber-free cloth.
- 2) Insert the oil measuring rod into the bottom.
- 3) Pull out the oil measuring rod and read the value of engine oil level.
- 4) The engine oil level shall always be between MIN and MAX!

Fill up to the maximum liquid level if necessary.

# 1.23.2 Replacement of Engine Oil and Filter



engines! No smoking and open fires! Be careful when contacting with high temperature engine oil. Danger of scalding!



pay attention to the surface cleaning. Carefully clean all areas involved. Blow wet parts with compressed air.

A Please observe the safety

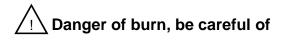
regulations for engine oil and relevant local regulations. Dispose of spilled engine oil and filter elements as required. Waste oil cannot penetrate into the ground.

## Test run shall be carried out after

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#### each operation. At the same time, pay attention to the sealing and lubrication oil pressure, and then check the engine oil level.

It is available in the first 50 hours, and the engine oil and filter shall be replaced every 500 hours. (If the ambient temperature continues to be below  $-10^{\circ}$ C. (14 °F) or the temperature of engine oil is below  $60^{\circ}$ C (84 °F), or the sulphur content in the diesel fuel is 0.5 - 1%, the oil change period is reduced by a half; if the engine oil does not reach the replacement interval period within a year, the oil shall be replaced at least once a year.)



high-temperature engine parts and oil, contacting with high temperature engine oil and/or engine parts will cause severe burns.

Perform the function after engine

warm up to normal operation temperature.

Replacement of engine oil

 $\underline{\bigwedge}$  After the filter element is replaced,

be sure to keep the engine idling at a low speed for at least 3-5 minutes, so that the engine has been lubricated before being put into operation.

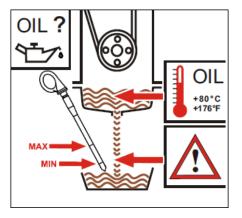


Figure 1-11

- Warm up and run the engine (engine oil temperature> 80°C).
- 2) Place the engine horizontally.
- 3) Shut down the engine.
- 4) Place the container under the engine oil drain plug.
- 5) Screw off the engine oil drain plug to drain the old engine oil.
- 6) Install the new seal ring for the engine oil drain plug and screw in and tighten it.
- 7) Add engine oil at the engine oil filler.
- Warm up and run the engine (engine oil temperature> 80℃).
- 9) Place the engine horizontally.
- 10) Check the engine oil level and fill it if necessary.

Condition	Type (CH-4)	Capaci ty	
Working temperature:-20℃~40℃	15W-40		
Working temperature:-25℃~30℃	10W-30	8.5L/2.	
Working temperature:-30℃~30℃	5W-30		
Working temperature:-35℃~20℃	0W-20		



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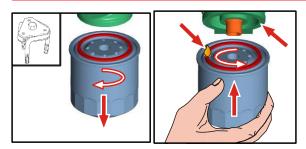


Figure 1-12

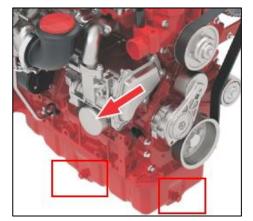
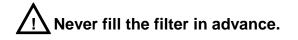


Figure 1-13 Oil filter and oil drain plug

#### **Replacement of the Engine Oil Filter**

The engine oil filter element must also be replaced every time the engine oil is replaced.



#### There is risk of contamination.

- 1) If a torsion stopper is installed, remove the clamping clamp (optional).
- 2) Release and unscrew the filter element with a wrench.
- 3) Contain the oil that was drained.
- 4) Clean the sealing surface of the filter holder with a clean fiber-free wiper.
- 5) Apply a thin layer of engine oil to the seal ring of the new filter.
- 6) Screw in a new filter manually until seal fit and tighten it with 10-12 Nm.

#### 1.23.3 Check for Fuel Leakage



#### No smoking and open fires!

#### Be careful when contacting high temperature fuel!

Please observe the safety regulations for fuel and relevant local regulations. Dispose of spilled fuel and filter elements in accordance with national regulations. The fuel cannot seep into the ground.

Visually check for fuel leakage every 8 hours or every day.



fire. The fuel of the engine is combustible. Check the position of the machine. When this step is performed, the machine should be in a wellventilated area away from the heater, spark, flame, and burning tobacco. A qualified fire extinguisher shall be placed in an easily accessible place.

There is danger of explosion and

fire. If fuel leaks, prevent any additional person from entering the area or operating the equipment. Repair the leakage immediately.

#### 1.23.4 Vent Fuel Pre-Filter

# **A** Risk of explosion and fire. Engine

fuel is combustible. The position where the equipment is located shall be inspected. When the step is executed, equipment shall be located in an open and well-ventilated area that keeps away from the heater, spark, flame and burning tobacco. A qualified fire extinguisher shall be placed at the location that is easily accessible.



#### flames out.

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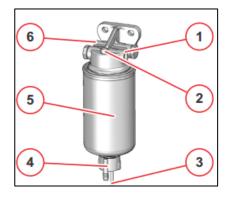


Figure 1-14

- 1. Fuel supply flow to the pump
- 2. Venting screw
- 3 .Electrical connection for water level sensor
- 4. Drain plug
- 5. Filter insert
- 6. Fuel inlet from the fuel tank

Check and drain the fuel filter every 8 hours or every day.

- 1) Shut down the engine, and find the fuel filter.
- 2) Disconnect cable connection.
- Loosen the drainage plug located at the bottom of the filter cartridge, allowing the water drained to an appropriate container. Once any fuel starts to flow out, screw down the drainage plug immediately.
- 4) Wipe up any fuel that may be splashed.
- 5) Start the engine from the ground control and inspect whether or not there is leakage in the fuel filter.

#### Change the fuel pre-filter insert

- 1) Switch off the engine.
- Shut off the fuel supply to the engine (with high-level tank).
- 3) Place suitable collecting containers underneath.
- 4) Disconnect cable connections.
- 5) Loosen drain plug and drain liquid.
- 6) Disassemble filter insert.

- Clean any dirt of the opposite side of filter head.
- Wet the sealing surfaces of the filter cartridge slightly with fuel and screw back on to the filter head, clockwise (17-18 Nm).
- 9) Mount drain plug.
- 10) Open the fuel shutoff tap and vent the system, see venting the fuel system.

#### Vent the fuel system

The fuel system is vented via the electric fuel supply pump.

In order to ensure that no error messages are generated, no attempt should be made to start the system up whilst venting.

This process is carried out as follows:

• Ignition "ON"

The electronic fuel supply pump switches on for 20 seconds in order to vent the fuel system and build up the required fuel pressure.

Wait until the electric fuel supply pump is disconnected from the control unit.

• Ignition "OFF"

Repeat the process at least 2 times until the fuel system is vented

 $\underline{\bigwedge}$  Risk of explosion and fire. Where

there is fuel leakage, prevent any irrelevant personnel from entering the area and strictly prohibit operating the equipment. Repair the leak immediately.

# 1.23.5 Replacement of the Fuel filter

 $\underline{/!}$  The engine must be shut down!

No smoking and open fires!

#### Be careful when contacting high

temperature fuel!



pipeline or the high-pressure oil pipeline when the engine is running.

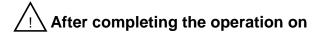
Carefully clean all areas involved

in cleaning. Blow wet parts with compressed air.



Please observe the safety

regulations for fuel and relevant local regulations. Dispose of spilled fuel and filter elements in accordance with national regulations. The fuel cannot seep into the ground.



the fuel system, exhaust the system, perform the trial operation and check the seal performance.

It is available in the first 50 hours, and it will be replaced every 500 hours, or half a year, but an increase in the number of replacement filters is required for the extremely dirty work environment.

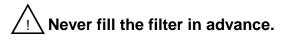
 $\underline{\bigwedge}$  There is danger of explosion and

fire. The fuel of the engine is combustible. Check the position of the machine.

When this step is performed, the machine should be in a well-ventilated area away from the heater, spark, flame, and burning tobacco.

A qualified fire extinguisher shall be

#### placed in an easily accessible place.



#### There is risk of contamination.

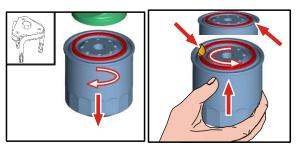


Figure 1-15

- 1) If a torsion stopper is installed, remove the clamping clamp (optional).
- 2) Release and unscrew the filter element with a wrench.
- 3) Contain the diesel fuel drained.
- 4) Clean the sealing surface of the filter holder with a clean fiber-free wiper.
- 5) Apply a thin layer of diesel to the seal ring of the new filter.
- 6) Screw in a new filter manually until seal fit and tighten it with 10-12 Nm.
- 7) Fix the clamping clamp of a torsion stopper (optional).
- 8) Exhaust the fuel system.

### 1.23.6 Check for Engine Air Filter

Check the maintenance indicator for the air filter every 8 hours or every day.



#### engine is turned off.





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#### Figure 1-16

Check the maintenance indicator of the air filter. When the transparency of the indicator turns red, filter element needs to be maintained and cleaned or replaced.

# 1.23.7 Cleaning or Replacement of Air Filter

Clean it every 250 hours or quarterly and replaced it for every 1000 hours.



#### engines!

 $\underline{\bigwedge}$  Be sure to pay attention to the

cleanliness of the external surface when operating on the engine suction system, and close the suction inlet when necessary. The old filter elements are handled in an environmentally friendly manner.

**Cleaning of air filter** 



## with gasoline or high temperature liquid.

If the primary element is stained heavily, replace it soon. At this time, replace the secondary element too.

The secondary element should be removed only if it is to be replaced.

To protect the engine, do not remove the secondary element in servicing the primary element.

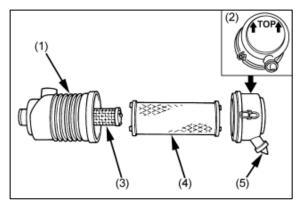


Figure 1-17

- 1. Air cleaner body
- 2. Dust cup
- 3. Secondary element
- 4. Primary element
- 5. Evacuator valve

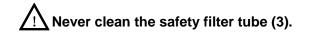
Make sure the hooking clip for the element is tight enough. If it is loose, dust and dirt may be sucked in wearing down the cylinder liner and piston ring earlier and thereby resulting in poor power output.

Do not overservice the air cleaner element. Overservicing may cause dirt to enter the engine causing premature wear. Use the dust indicator as a guide on when to service.

- 1) Open the hooking clip.
- 2) Remove the filter cover (2) and screw off the filter element (4).
- Filter element (4): For slight contamination, purge with dry compressed air (maximum 205 Kpa) from inside to outside for cleaning (general cleaning times are no more than 5 times);

Replace it in case of serious contamination.

## Replacement of the Safety Filter Tube of the Air Filter

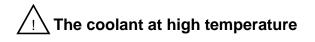


- 1) Screw off the Primary element (4) and the Secondary element (3).
- 2) Install the new Secondary element.
- 3) Install the filter element (4), place the outer

cover (2) and fix it with the hooking clip.

# 1.23.8 Check for Coolant Liquid Level

Check the coolant liquid level every 8 hours or every day.



#### has the risk of scald.

The cooling system is under pressure! The cover can only be opened in the cooling state.

Coolant must have a specified concentration of cooling system protectant!

Please observe the safety regulations for coolant and relevant local regulations.

Dispose of the spilled coolant as specified, without leaving it on the ground.

Never run the engine without coolant, even if it's a very short time.

- 1) Carefully open the cover for the cooling system.
- 2) The coolant liquid level shall always be between min and max! Fill up to the maximum liquid level if necessary.

# 1.23.9 Filling or Replacement of Engine Coolant

Replace it every 2,000 hours or two years.

## $\underline{\bigwedge}$ The coolant at high temperature

#### has the risk of scald.

The cooling system is under pressure! The cover can only be opened in the cooling state.

Coolant must have a specified concentration of cooling system protectant!

Please observe the safety regulations for coolant and relevant local regulations.

Dispose of the spilled coolant as specified, without leaving it on the ground.

Never run the engine without coolant, even if it's

a very short time.

#### Draining of the Cooling System

- 1) Carefully open the cooler cover.
- 2) Place the receiving container under the coolant interface.
- 3) Drain the coolant.
- 4) Reconnect and tighten the coolant interface.
- 5) Close the cooler cover.

#### Filling of the Coolant

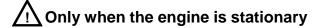
- 1) Carefully open the cover for the cooling system.
- 2) Loosen the cooler exhaust bolts that may be present.
- 3) Fill the coolant to max or the filling limit position.
- Open the possible heater and switch to the maximum gear, to fill the heating circuit and exhaust.
- 5) Close the cooler cover.
- 6) Run the engine to the running temperature.
- 7) Shut down the engine.
- Check the coolant liquid level when the engine is cooled, and fill it to max if necessary.

## Note: The coolant with different

freezing point should be selected according local ambient to the temperature, the principle is that the freezing point of coolant is 10℃-15℃ the local minimum lower than temperature.

#### 1.23.10 Check for Engine Belt

Check it every 8 hours or every day.



#### can the belt drive operation be carried



out.



cautious of high-temperature engine components. Contact with them may cause serious burn.

Belt Check

- 1) Visually inspect whether all belt drives for damage.
- 2) Replace damaged components.
- 3) Reinstall the protector if necessary.
- 4) When it is a new belt, check whether the position is correct. After running for 15 minutes, check the tension.

#### Replacement of belt

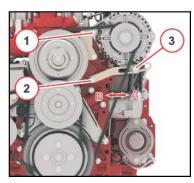


Figure 1-18

- 1) Loosen bolts (1,2,3) and nuts.
- 2) Move the engine in direction B, until the belt is lose.
- 3) Remove the old belt, and install a mew one.
- 4) Move the engine in direction A until the correct belt tension is reached.
- 5) Check the belt tension.
- 6) Tighten the bolts and nuts.

#### **Tightening torque**

- Screw 1 42 Nm
- Screw 2 30 Nm

Screw 3 M8 30 Nm

Screw 3 M10 42 Nm

### 1.24 Regular Maintenance

Maintenance items with period of a quarter, a year, and two years must be completed by qualified staff upon training in maintenance of the machine in accordance with procedures in the machine maintenance manual. For machines that are idle for more than three months, quarterly check must be performed before they can be re-used.

## 1.25 Engine fault table

Faults	Cause	Measures
	Not disconnected (if possible)	Check coupling
	Fuel tank empty	Tanks
	Fuel suction pipe blocked	Check
	Below starting limit temperature	Check
	Cold starting device	Check/replace
	Wrong SAE viscosity class of the engine lubricating oil	Change the lubricating oil
	Fuel quality does not comply with operating manual	Change the fuel
Engine does not start or is difficult to	Battery defective or discharged	Check battery
start	Cable connection to starter loose or oxidized	Check cable connections
	Starter defective or pinion does not engage	Check starter
	Air filter clogged / turbocharger defective	Check/replace
	Air in fuel system	Vent fuel system
	Compression pressure too low	Check compression pressure
	Exhaust gas backpressure too high	Check
	Injection line leaks	Check injection line
	High-pressure pump defective	Check/replace
Engine does not start and diagnostic lamp flashes	Engine electronics prevents starting	Check error according to error code and eliminate error if necessary
	Exhaust gas backpressure too high	Check
	Compression pressure too low	Check compression pressure
	Cold starting device	Check/replace
	Air in fuel system	Vent
Engine starts, but runs irregularly or	Fuel filter contaminated	Clean
fails	Fuel quality does not comply with operating manual	Change the fuel
	Injector defective	Change
	Injection line leaks	Check injection line
	Engine cable harness defective	Check/replace
Speed changes are possible and diagnostic lamp lights up	Engine electronics has detected a system error and activates an equivalent speed	Check error according to error code and eliminate error if necessary
	Vent line blocked	Clean
Engine becomes excessively hot. Temperature warning system activates	Lube oil cooler defective	Check/replace
	Lube oil filter contaminated on the air or lube oil side	Change
	Lube oil level too high	Check lube oil level, if necessary drain off.
	Lubricating oil level too low	Fill up lube oil
	Injector defective	Change



	Coolant heat exchanger soiled	Clean
	Defective cooling water pump (torn or loose V-belt)	Check whether torn or loose
	Low coolant	Fill up
	Resistance in cooling system is too high / flow volume too low	Check the cooling system
	Fan / viscous coupling defective, V-belt torn or loose	Check/replace/tension
	Charge air line leaking	Check charge air line
	Charge air cooler soiled	Check/clean
	Air filter clogged / turbocharger defective	Check/replace
	Air filter maintenance switch / maintenance indicator defective	Check/replace
	Fan defective/V-rib belt torn or loose	Check fan/V-belt, change if necessary
	Exhaust gas backpressure too high	Check
	Throttle valve defective	Check/replace
	Coolant temperature transmitter	Check/replace
	Coolant thermostat defective	Check/replace
	Coolant cover defective	Check/replace
	Lube oil level too high	Check lube oil level, if necessary drain off.
	Fuel suction temperature too high	Check the system
	Fuel quality does not comply with operating manual	Change the fuel
	Air filter clogged / turbocharger defective	Check/replace
	Air filter maintenance switch / maintenance indicator defective	Check/replace
	Fan defective/V-rib belt torn or loose	Check fan/V-belt, change if necessary
Engine output is deficient	Charge air line leaking	Check charge air line
	Charge air cooler soiled	Clean
	Injection line leaks	Check injection line
	Injector defective	Change
	Throttle valve defective	Check/replace
	Exhaust gas recirculation, actuator defective	Check/replace
	Exhaust gas backpressure too high	Check/clean
	Exhaust gas turbocharger defective	Change
Engine performs poorly and diagnostic lamp lights	Engine electronics reduce performance	Please contact your LGMG partner
	Injection line leaks	Check injection line
Engine does not run on all cylinders	Injector defective	Change
Lingine does not run on all cyllinders	Compression pressure too low	Check compression pressure
	Engine cable harness defective	Check/replace
Engine lubricating oil pressure is	Lubricating oil level too low	Fill up lube oil
nonexistent or excessively low	Excessive inclination of engine	Check engine mounting / reduce



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		inclination
	Wrong SAE viscosity class of the engine lubricating oil	Change the lubricating oil
	Lubricating oil pressure sensor defective	Check/replace
	Lubricating oil control valve jammed	Check/clean
	Lubricating oil suction pipe blocked	Check/clean
	Lube oil level too high	Check lube oil level, if necessary drain off
Engine lubricating oil consumption excessive	Excessive inclination of engine	Check engine mounting / reduce inclination
	Crankcase breather	Check/replace
	Engine operated continuously with too low a load (< 20-30%)	Check load factor
Lubricating oil in the exhaust system	Valve shaft seals defective	Check/replace
	Exhaust gas turbocharger defective	Check/replace
Engine producing blue smoke	Lube oil level too high	Check lube oil level, if necessary drain off
Engine producing blue shloke	Excessive inclination of engine	Check engine mounting / reduce inclination
	Fuel quality does not comply with operating manual	Change the fuel
Engine producing white smoke	Injector defective	Change
	Condensation	Warm up engine so that water residues evaporate
	Air filter clogged / turbocharger defective	Check/replace
Engine producing black smoke	Air filter maintenance switch / maintenance indicator defective	Check/replace
	Charge air line leaking	Check charge air line
	Injector defective	Change
	Air filter clogged / turbocharger defective	Check/replace
	Charge air line leaking	Check charge air line
	Injector defective	Change
Engine shutdown frequently	Differential pressure of flow meter defective	Change
	Nox sensor defective	Change
	Differential pressure sensor of diesel particulate filter is issuing an implausible signal	Change
	Differential pressure line added	Clean

## 1.26 Engine fault Codes

KWP-Code	SPN	FMI	Error Identification
45	168	3	Battery voltage: The voltage measured by ECU is out of the target range, system reaction is initiated.
46	168	4	Battery voltage: The voltage measured by ECU is out of the target range, system reaction is initiated.
47	168	2	Battery voltage: The voltage measured by ECU is out of the target range, system reaction is initiated.
84	639	14	CAN bus 0: The ECU is not allowed to send messages because the status "BusOff" is detected.
85	1231	14	CAN-Bus 1: The ECU is not allowed to send messages, because the status "BusOff" is detected. Warning, no diagnostic with SERDIA2010 is possible.
88	102	2	Charge air pressure measured by sensor is above the warning threshold.
89	102	2	Charge air pressure measured by sensor is above shut off threshold.
92	110	0	Coolant temperature sensor: The voltage of the sensor measured by ECU is out of the target range
93	110	1	Coolant temperature sensor: The voltage of the sensor measured by ECU is out of the target range.
96	110	3	Coolant temperature sensor: The voltage of the sensor measured by ECU is out of the target range (Signal range check high).
97	110	4	Coolant temperature sensor: The voltage of the sensor measured by ECU is out of the target range (signal range check low).
98	110	0	Coolant temperature: The coolant temperature calculated by ECU is above the target range; The ECU activates a system reaction.
99	110	0	Coolant temperature: The coolant temperature calculated by ECU is above the target range. The ECU activates a system reaction.
101	111	1	Coolant level: The coolant level calculated by ECU is below the allowed minimum
126	523603	9	Timeout Error of CAN-receive-frame AMB; Ambient temperature sensor
171	523212	9	Timeout error of CAN-Receive-Frame ComEngPrt. Engine Protection.
179	523240	9	Timeout CAN-message FunModCtl. Function Mode Control.
291	523776	9	Timeout error of CAN-Receive-Frame TSC1TE - active
292	523777	9	Passive timeout error of CAN-Receive-Frame TSC1TE. Setpoint
305	898	9	Timeout error of CAN-Receive-Frame TSC1TE. Setpoint
360	523982	0	Powerstage diagnosis disabled. High battery voltage.
361	523982	1	Powerstage diagnosis disabled. Low battery voltage
362	523090	2	When any of the switch inputs is not active for a period of time.
376	630	12	Internal hardware monitoring, the ECU finds an error during the access to its EEPROM memory or works with an alternative value
377	630	12	Internal hardware monitoring: The ECU finds an error during the access to its EEPROM memory or works with an alternative value

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378	630	12	Internal hardware monitoring: The ECU finds an error during the access to it's EEPROM memory or works with an alternative value
387	523612	12	Internal hardware monitoring: The CPU of the ECU is set to RESET and the cause is logged internally. No item will be created in error memory
388	190	0	Engine speed: The engine speed calculated by ECU is above the target range.
389	190	0	Engine speed: The engine speed calculated by ECU is above the target range. The ECU activates a system reaction.
390	190	11	Engine speed: The engine speed calculated by ECU is above the target range. The ECU activates a system reaction
391	190	14	Engine speed: The engine speed calculated by ECU is above the target range. The ECU activates a system reaction.
419	190	8	Camshaft speed sensor: The ECU receives no signal and uses the signal from crankshaft speed sensor as alternative to calculate the engine speed.
420	190	12	Camshaft speed sensor: The ECU receives no signal and uses the signal from camshaft speed sensor as alternative to calculate the engine speed.
420	190	2	Offset angle between crank- and camshaft-sensor is too large
422	190	8	Sensor crankshaft detection. Out of range, signal disrupted or no signal
423	190	12	Crankshaft speed sensor: The ECU receives no signal and uses the signal from camshaft speed sensor as alternative to calculate the engine speed
457	975	3	PWM-Signal fan, short-circuit to battery.
464	97	3	Fuel filter water level sensor: The sensor voltage measured by ECU is out of the target range
465	97	4	Fuel filter water level sensor: The voltage of sensor measured by ECU is out of the target range
472	94	3	Low fuel pressure sensor: The voltage of sensor measured by ECU is out of the target range
473	94	4	Low fuel pressure sensor: The voltage of sensor measured by ECU is out of the target range
474	94	1	Low fuel pressure: The low fuel pressure calculated by ECU is underneath the target range. The ECU activates a system reaction
475	94	1	Low fuel pressure, shut off threshold exceeded.
547	729	12	The cold start aid relay is overheated.
559	523895	13	Check of missing injector adjustment value programming (IMA) injector 1.
560	523896	13	Check of missing injector adjustment value programming (IMA) injector 2.
561	523897	13	Check of missing injector adjustment value programming (IMA) injector 3
564	523900	13	Check of missing injector adjustment value programming (IMA) injector 6
565	523350	4	Injector cylinder bank 1: The current drop measured by ECU is above the target range
566	523352	4	Injector cylinder bank 2: The current drop measured by ECU is above the target range.
567	523354	12	Internal hardware monitoring: The ECU detects an error of its injector high current output
568	651	5	Injector cylinder 1: Interruption of electrical connection

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569	652	5	Injector cylinder 2: Interruption of electrical connection
570	653	5	Injector cylinder 3: interruption of electrical connection
571	654	5	Injector cylinder 4: Interruption of electrical connection
572	655	5	Injector cylinder 5: interruption of electrical connection
573	656	5	Injector cylinder 6: Interruption of electrical connection.
580	651	3	Injector cylinder 1: The current drop measured by ECU is above the target range
581	652	3	Injector cylinder 2: The current drop measured by ECU is above the target range
582	653	3	Injector cylinder 3: The current drop measured by ECU is above the target range
583	654	3	Injector cylinder 4: The current drop measured by ECU is above the target range
584	655	3	Injector cylinder 5: The current drop measured by ECU is above the target range
585	656	6	Injector cylinder 6: The current drop measured by ECU is above the target range.
592	523615	5	Detecting an open load fault in the metering unit of the fuel system
594	523615	3	Fuel metering unit: The current drain measured by ECU is above the target range
595	523615	4	Fuel metering unit: The current drain measured by ECU is above the target range
596	523615	3	Fuel metering unit: The current drain measured by ECU is above the target range
597	523615	4	Fuel metering unit: The current drain measured by ECU is above the target range
612	523612	12	Internal hardware monitoring: the CPU of the ECU is reset and the cause is logged internally; no item will be created in error memory
613	523612	12	ECU reported internal software error Internal ECU monitoring detection reported error
614	523612	12	Internal hardware monitoring: the CPU of the ECU is reset and the cause is logged internally; no item will be created in error memory
619	523612	12	Internal hardware monitoring: the CPU of the ECU is reset and the cause is logged internally; no item will be created in error memory
625	523612	12	Internal hardware monitoring: the CPU of the ECU is reset and the cause is logged internally; no item will be created in error memory
637	523612	12	Engine speed: the engine speed calculated by ECU is above the target range; the ECU activates a system reaction
732	100	3	Oil pressure sensor: the voltage of sensor measured by ECU is out of the target range
733	100	4	Oil pressure sensor: the voltage of sensor measured by ECU is out of the target range
734	100	0	High oil pressure; warning threshold exceeded
735	100	0	High oil pressure; shut off threshold exceeded
736	100	1	Oil pressure is below the target range (warning threshold)
737	100	1	Oil pressure is below the target range (shut off threshold)
746	175	0	High oil temperature; shut off threshold exceeded
747	1237	2	Override switch: the ECU receives a permanent signal.
752	107	0	Air filter differential pressure: the pressure difference of the intake air between the filter inlet and outlet calculated by ECU is above the target range and the ECU activates a

			system reaction
776	102	3	Charge air pressure sensor: the measured voltage of sensor by ECU is out of the target range
777	102	4	Charge air pressure sensor: the measured voltage of sensor by ECU is out of the target range
825	523009	9	The pressure relief valve (PRV) has reached the number of allowed activations.
826	523470	2	Pressure relief valve is forced to open, perform pressure increase
827	523470	2	Pressure Relief Valve (PRV) forced to open. Performed by pressure increase.
828	523470	12	Pressure Relief Valve (PRV) forced to open. Shutoff conditions.
829	523470	12	Pressure Relief Valve (PRV) forced to open. Warning conditions.
830	523470	14	Open Pressure Relief Valve (PRV)
831	523470	11	Rail pressure relief valve can not be opened due to the railpressure.
832	523470	11	Rail pressure out of tolerance range. The PRV can not be opened at this operating point with a pressure shock.
833	523009	10	The pressure relief valve (PRV) has reached the allowed opening time
834	523906	5	ECU detects open load on the electric fuel feed pump output
835	523906	12	ECU detects too high temperature in powerstage of fuel pump circuit.
836	523906	3	ECU detects shortcut to battery in fuel feed pump circuit.
837	523906	4	Electrical fuel pre - supply pump. Short circuit to ground.
856	523613	0	Rail pressure below setpoint, speed-dependent threshold exceeded. The rail pressure is below the target range, which is determined as a function of the engine speed.
857	523613	0	Rail pressure below setpoint, threshold exceeded
858	523613	0	Rail pressure: the fuel pressure in rail calculated by ECU is above the target range which is dependant on the engine speed
859	523613	0	Rail pressure: the fuel pressure in rail calculated by ECU is below the target range which is dependant on the engine speed.
861	523613	1	Rail pressure: the fuel pressure in rail calculated by ECU is below the target range which is dependant on the engine speed
862	523613	0	Rail pressure: the fuel pressure in rail calculated by ECU is above the target range.
864	523613	2	Rail pressure metering unit, Setpoint of metering unit in overrun mode not plausible.
876	523470	7	Rail pressure is out of the expected average range.
877	157	3	Rail pressure sensor: the voltage of sensor measured by ECU is out of the target range
878	157	4	Rail pressure sensor: the voltage of sensor measured by ECU is out of the target range
932	29	3	Analog accelerator pedal 2 (hand pedal): the voltage measured by ECU is out of the target range.
935	91	3	Analog accelerator pedal sensor 1 or double accelerator pedal sensor: the voltage measured by ECU is out of the target range or the calculated pedal position is implausible compared with the position of the second pedal
937	29	4	Handthrottle; short circuit to ground

940	91	4	Sensor error accelerator pedal. Signal is below the range
946	1079	13	Internal hardware monitoring: the ECU detects a deviation of the target range of the power supply voltage of sensor output 1
947	1080	13	Internal hardware monitoring: the ECU detects a deviation of the target range of the power supply voltage of sensor output 2
948	523601	13	Internal hardware monitoring: the ECU detects a deviation of the target range of the power supply voltage of sensor output 3
956	677	3	Start relay (high side power stage): the current drop measured by ECU is above the target range.
957	677	4	Start relay (high side power stage): the current drain measured by ECU is above the target range
958	677	5	Start relay (low side power stage): the current drop measured by ECU is above the target range
959	677	12	Start relay (low side power stage): the current drop measured by ECU is above the target range
960	677	3	Start relay (low side power stage): the current drain measured by ECU is above the target range
961	677	4	Starter relay low side short circuit to ground
973	523612	14	Internal hardware monitoring: the CPU of the ECU is reset and the cause is logged internally; no item will be created in error memory
974	523612	14	Internal hardware monitoring: the CPU of the ECU is reset and the cause is logged internally; no item will be created in error memory.
975	523612	14	Internal hardware monitoring: the CPU of the ECU is reset and the cause is logged internally; no item will be created in error memory
976	91	11	Diagnostic fault check of synchronism of single potentiometer and Low idle switch(LIS).
978	29	2	Plausibility error between sensor and idle switch, Acceleration Pedal Detection. In case of Hand Throttle with Low Idle Switch, it is the plausibility check between hand throttle and idle switch
980	523550	12	Terminal 50 was operated for more than 2 minutes. This may happen due to short to battery or wrong usage of Terminal 50. Starter control is disabled until this error is healed.
994	105	3	Electrical error charged air temperature. Signal range check high.(SRC)
995	105	4	Electrical error charged air temperature. Signal range check low
996	105	0	Charged air cooler temperature. System reaction initiated. High charged air cooler temperature. Warning threshold exceeded.
997	105	0	Charge air temperature downstream calculated by ECU is over the shut off threshold. The ECU activates a system reaction.
1016	51	7	Actuator position for EGR valve is not plausible, internal error, angular misalignement of the flap
1024	51	3	Actuator of the external EGR valve: the ECU detects a short circuit to battery or open load
1025	51	4	Actuator of the external EGR valve: the ECU detects a short circuit to ground
1157	97	12	Water in fuel level prefilter; maximum value exceeded
1170	523612	12	Internal hardware monitoring: the CPU of the ECU is reset and the cause is logged internally; no item will be created in error memory

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1180	168	0	Physical range check high for battery voltage					
1181	168	1	Physical range check low for battery voltage					
1223	51	5	Actuator EGR-Valve: Open load on ECU output is detected					
1224	51	6	Actuator EGR-valve: too high curent is going into the actuator. Output is switched off					
1226	51	3	Actuator EGR-valve: short cut to battery is detected					
1227	51	3	Actuator EGR-valve: short cut to battery on ECU pin is detected					
1228	51	4	Actuator EGR-valve: short cut to ground on ECU pin is detected					
1229	51	4	EGR-Valve (2.9;3.6) or Throttle-Valve (4.1;6.1;7.8); short circuit to ground					
1230	51	6	Actuator error EGR-Valve (2.9;3.6) or Throttle-Valve (4.1;6.1;7.8); Overload by short-circuit					
1231	51	11	Power stage overtemperature due to high current.					
1232	51	4	actuator AGR valve (2.9;3.6) throttle valve (4.1;6.1;7.8); Voltage below threshold					
1505	524057	2	Fuel low pressure pump; error pressure build up					
1668	524105	9	Timeout error of CAN-Transmit-Frame ComEGRMsFlw (EGR Steller)					
1669	524108	9	Timeout error of CAN-Transmit-Frame ComEGRTVActr (EGR actuator)					
1670	524110	9	Timeout error of CAN-Transmit-Frame ComETVActrTO.					
1671	524112	9	Timeout ComIntake Throttle Valve Actr.					
1677	524106	9	Timeout error of CAN-Receive-Frame ComRxEGRMsFlw1 (EGR actuator)					
1678	524107	9	Timeout error of CAN-Receive-Frame ComRxEGRMsFlw2 (EGR actuator)					
1679	524109	9	Timeout error of CAN-Receive-Frame ComRxEGRTVActr (EGR actuator)					
1680	524111	9	Timeout error of CAN-Receive-Frame ComRxETVActr					
1681	524113	9	Timeout error of CAN-Receive-Frame ComRxITVActr					
1683	524121	9	Timeout error of CAN-Receive-Frame ComRxTrbChActr (wastegate actuator)					
1687	524125	9	Timeout error of CAN-Receive-Frame ComTxTrbChActr (Wastegate actuator)					

## **1.27 Maintenance Schedule** Routine Inspection and Maintenance Intervals

 $\bigwedge$  Note: The working hours are based on the engine working time, and the

operation cycle is calculated from the date of production.

#### Maintenance period

Maintenance level	Routine inspection	Level 1	100h	Level 2 maintenance	Level 3 maintenance	Level 4 maintenance	Level 5 maintenance
Maintenance period	Daily	50h	100h	300h	500h	800h	1000h

#### List of maintenance items

	Operation								
System		Routine inspecti on	Level1 mainten ance	100h mainten ance	Level 2 mainten ance	Level 3 mainten ance	Level 4 mainten ance	Level 5 mainte nance	Remarks
	Check the oil level	•							
	Check the fuel level	•							
	Check the fuel system pipeline for leaks	•							
	Check the radiator coolant level	٠							
	Check if the cooling system pipeline leaks	٠							
	Check the connection between the engine and the tray				•	•	•	•	
	Change engine oil	First 50h	At least once a year						
	Replace the engine oil filter element	First 5	At least once a year						
Powertrain	Check and adjust the tension of the fan belt		•	•	•	•	•	•	
	Use compressed air to clean the radiator			•	•	•	•	•	
	Clean the fuel tank filler filter			•	•	•	•	•	
	Drain deposits from the fuel tank			•	•	•	•	•	
	Replace the secondary fuel filter								
	Replace the primary fuel filter element		Every 1	000h or six	months, whi	chever come	es first.		
	Check the water level in the water separator and drain water regularly								

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	Clean the main	Clean the	air cleaner o	outer elemen	t every 250h	or when the	indicator	
	element of the air filter	alarms, a	and it is fork	oidden to clea	an the air cle	aner inner ele	ement.	
	Change coolant	Eve	ry 2000h or	every two ye	ears, whichev	ver comes firs	st.	
	Check the battery for			г	Daily			
	undervoltage			L	Jany			
	Check whether the							
	buttons on the PCU			г	Daily			
	panel are working			L	Jany			
	properly							
	Whether the PCU							
	harness connector is			[	Daily			
	firm							
	Whether the PCU							
	harness connector is			[	Daily			
	dirty							
	Whether the PCU							
	harness is squeezed or			[	Daily			
	broken							
	Is the wiring of the							
	angle sensor and							
	proximity switch, angle							
	sensor and pull-wire			r	Daily			
	sensor, inclination			L	Jany			
	sensor, and							
	angle/length sensor							
	secure							
Electrical	Check the position of							
system	the rocker of the rope							
System	break limit switch and			_				
	the turntable rotation			[	Daily			
	limit switch, and check							
	whether the wiring is							
	loose							
	Whether the solenoid							
	valve connection of the			r	) oily			
	travel pump is loose			L	Daily			
	and the wiring is							
	normal							
	Whether the buttons							
	on the ground control			[	Daily			
	panel are working							
	properly							
	Whether the warning			г	Daily			
	lamps and horn			L	Jany			
	function are normal							
	Is the wiring of the							
	solenoid valve coils of			[	Daily			
	the main valve block							
	normal or loose							
	Check whether the			r	Daily			
	starter motor terminal			L	Jany			
	is loose or broken							
	Check if the battery							
	terminals are loose or			Daily	,			
Electrical	rusted							
system	Check the color of the			•	•	•	•	
	battery sight hole			-	-		-	
	Zero calibration of load			•	•	•	•	

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				_							
	cell										
	Whether the battery										
	terminals are loose or				Da	ily					
	corroded										
	Monitor whether the										
	system pressure is			•	•	•	•	•			
	normal										
	Check whether the										
	steering system			•	•	•	•	•			
	pressure is normal										
	Check whether the										
	travel system pressure			•	•	•	•	•			
	is normal										
	Check each oil pipe or	Daily									
	joint for looseness										
	Check whether the oil										
	cylinder is leaking										
	Check each valve										
	spool for leakage		<u> </u>								
	Check whether the two										
	ball valves at the										
	suction port at the										
	bottom of the hydraulic										
	reservoir are open										
	Check whether the										
	fixing clip of the travel										
	tubing is loose										
Hydraulic			Add								
system											
	Check the oil level of		L-HV32								
	the hydraulic reservoir		when the oil								
			level is								
			below MIN								
	Change hydraulic oil		Hydraulic oil:								
	and suction filter		L-HV32								
	Replace the										
	high-pressure filter		Eve	ry 500h or	every six mor	nths, whichev	er comes firs	st.			
	element										
	Check the hydraulic										
	reservoir bleed cover				[	Daily					
	for leaks										
	Poplage the sit filter										
	Replace the air filter										
	Check whether the										
	drive is leaking										
	Check whether the	Daily									
	travel motor is leaking										
			First n	naintenance	e: 50 h, with a	an interval of	1000 h or eve	ery year,			
	Change gear oil					r comes first		'			
	Replace the oil return								1		
	filter element		Eve	ry 500h or	every six mor	nths, whichev	ver comes firs	st.			
	Check whether the										
	accompanying documents are										
Machine	complete, easy to				[	Daily					
	read, and whether										
	they are in the tray								1		

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	Check if the safety								
	signs are correct or		Daily						
	defaced								
	Check the bolts, nuts								
	and other fasteners of								
	the machine for								
	looseness and noise								
	Check whether the								
	structural parts of the				Deily				
	machine have cracks and whether the welds				Daily				
	are open								
	Check whether the								
	paint of the machine is								
	peeled off, and								
	whether there is				Daily				
	serious rust, corrosion								
	or oxidation								
	Check whether the								
	wire rope is loose			•	•	•	•		
	Check the wear					1			
	degree of wire rope,								
	whether it is broken or			•	•	•	•		
	rusted, and replace it if			_	-	-	-		
	necessary								
	Replace the wire rope		Every 7000	h or every 12 y	ears, whichev	er comes firs	t.		
	Check whether the								
	slider is loose and								
	whether there is zero					•	•		
	clearance with the								
	boom								
	Measure the backlash								
	between the slewing							0.0.0	
			1	•	•	•	•	0.2-0.3mm	
	bearing gear and the								
	bearing gear and the slewing drive gear								
								T65.I/T72.I	
								T65J/T72J: Torque:595±	
	slewing drive gear							Torque:595±	
	slewing drive gear						•		
	slewing drive gear						•	Torque:595± 55N.m T85J:	
	slewing drive gear						•	Torque:595± 55N.m	
	slewing drive gear						•	Torque:595± 55N.m T85J: Torque:305±	
	slewing drive gear Check the turntable rotation bearing bolts		•	•	•	•	•	Torque:595± 55N.m T85J: Torque:305± 25N.m	
	Slewing drive gear Check the turntable rotation bearing bolts Grease the slewing		•	•	•	•	•	Torque:595± 55N.m T85J: Torque:305± 25N.m Lithium base grease 2#	
Lubrication	slewing drive gear Check the turntable rotation bearing bolts Grease the slewing bearing		•	•	•	•	•	Torque:595± 55N.m T85J: Torque:305± 25N.m Lithium base grease 2# Lithium base	
Lubrication	slewing drive gear         Check the turntable rotation bearing bolts         Grease the slewing bearing         Grease the slewing		•	•	•	•	•	Torque:595± 55N.m T85J: Torque:305± 25N.m Lithium base grease 2#	
Lubrication	slewing drive gear         Check the turntable         rotation bearing bolts         Grease the slewing         bearing         Grease the slewing         bearing         bearing gear and the		•	•	•	•	•	Torque:595± 55N.m T85J: Torque:305± 25N.m Lithium base grease 2# Lithium base	
	Measure the backlash			•	•	•	•	0.2-0.3mr	



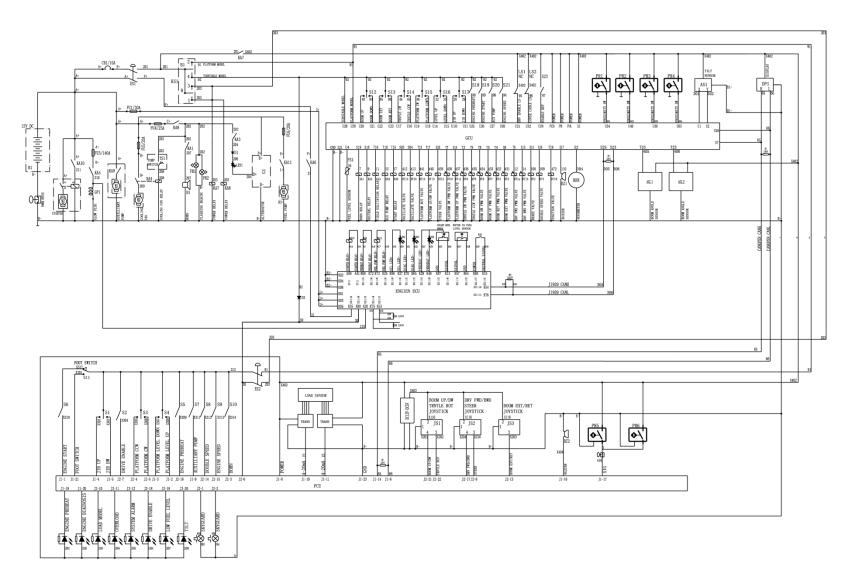
## **Chapter 2 Schematics**





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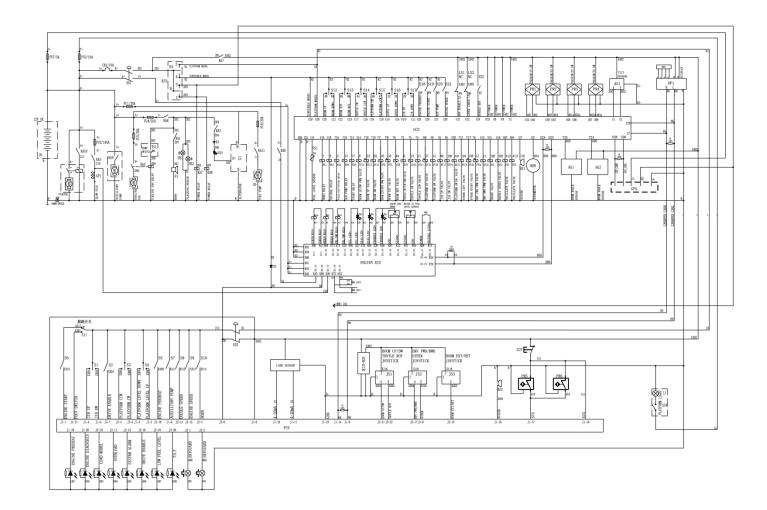
#### Electric schematic-T65J (T0020JNDAH20)





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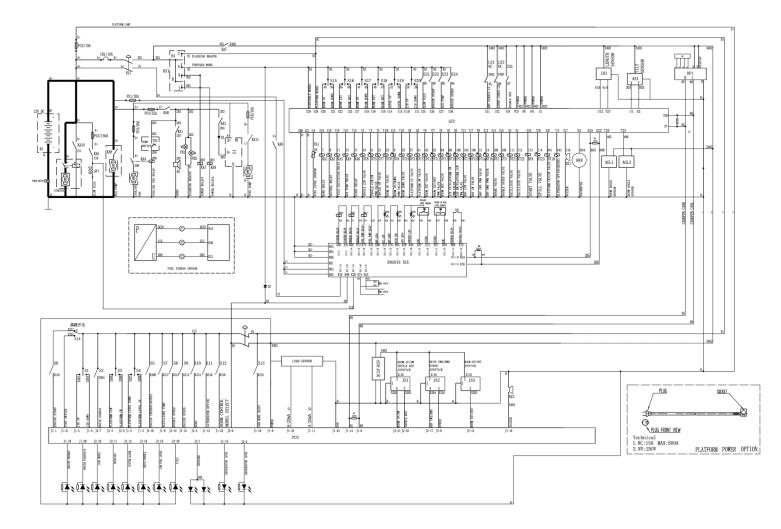
#### Electric schematic-T65J (T0020JNDAH21)





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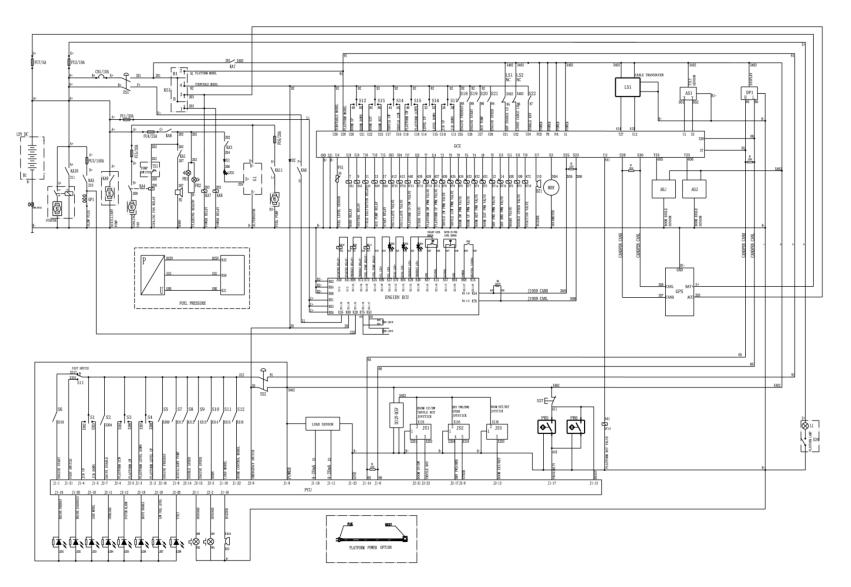
#### Electric schematic-T72J (T2218J0WND4AH2000)





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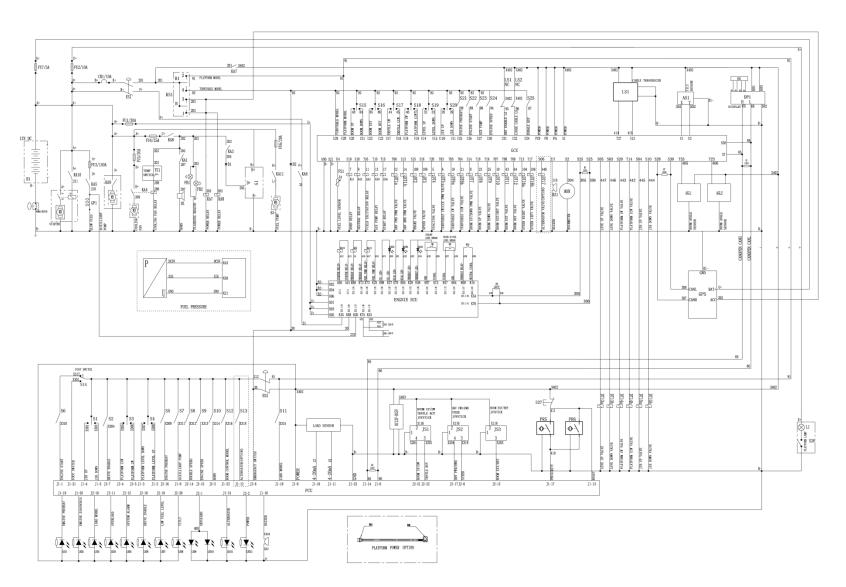
#### Electric schematic-T85J (T0026JNDAH20)





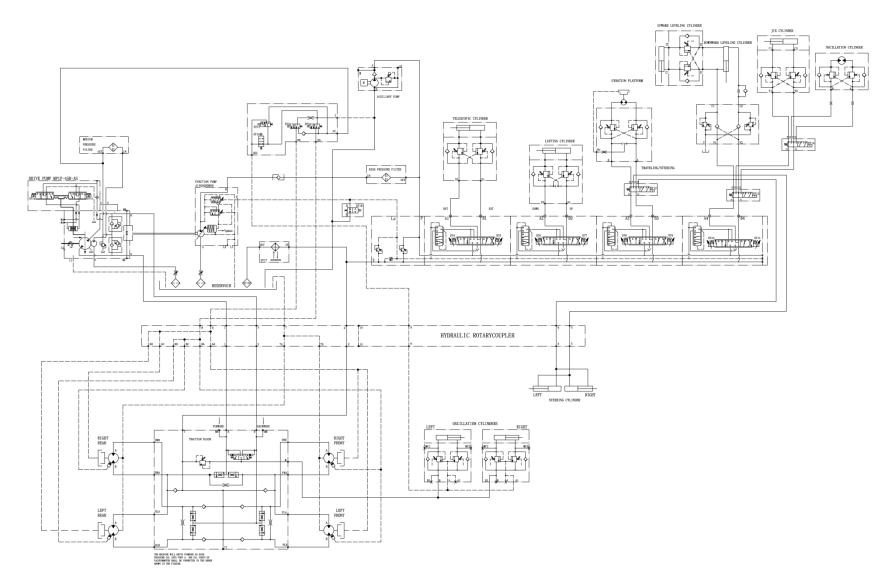
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#### Electric schematic-T85J (T2623J0WND4AH2001)





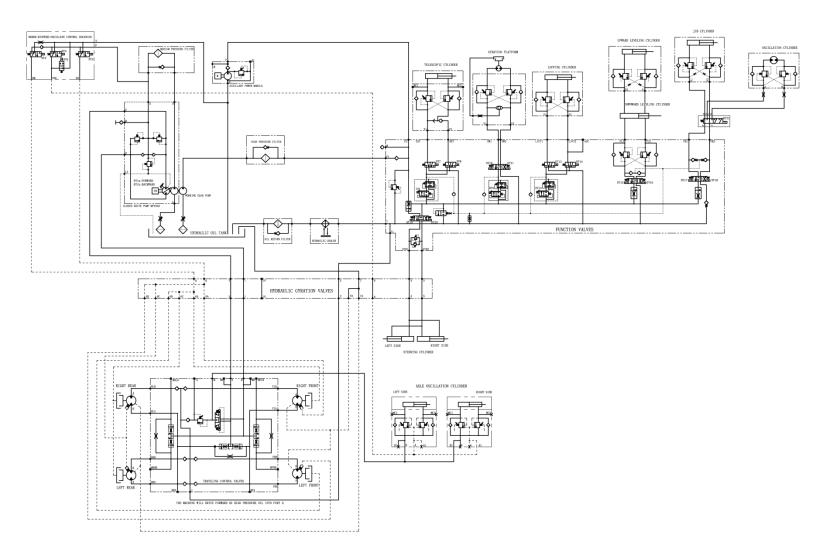
#### Hydraulic schematic-T65J (T0020JNDAH20)





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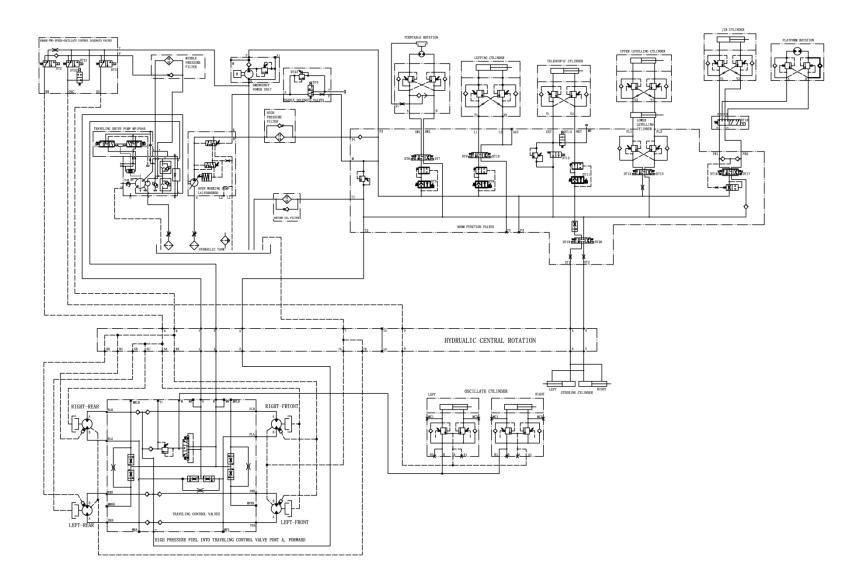
#### Hydraulic schematic-T65J (T0020JNDAH21)





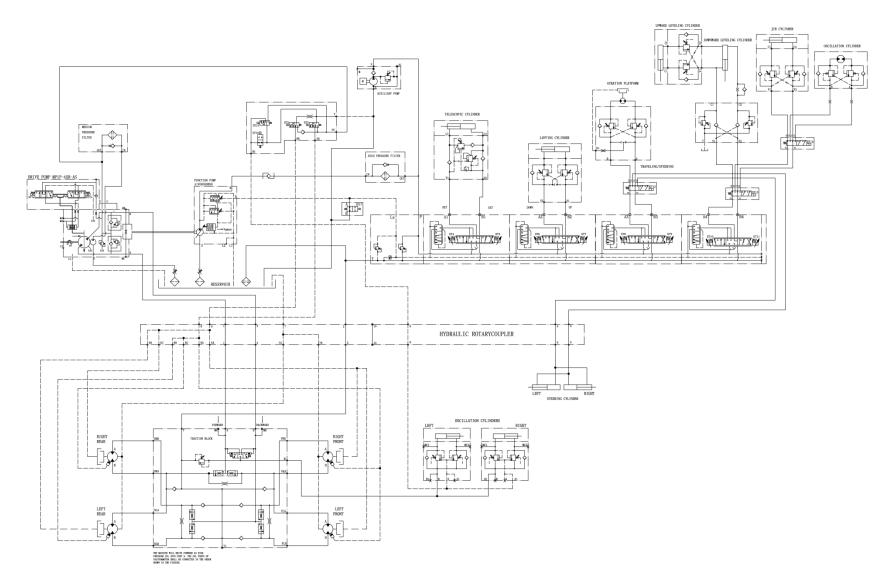
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#### Hydraulic schematic-T72J (T2218J0WND4AH2000)

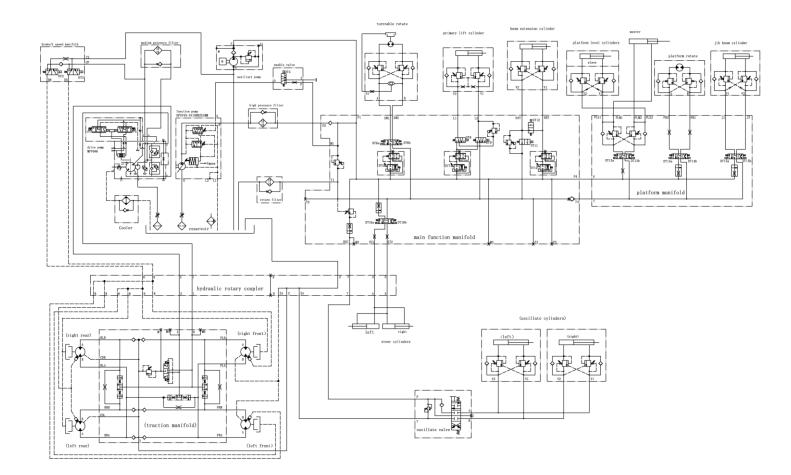




#### Hydraulic schematic-T85J (T0026JNDAH20)



#### Hydraulic schematic-T85J (T2623J0WND4AH2001)



#### California Proposition 65

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Operating, servicing and maintaining this equipment can expose you to chemicals including engine exhaust, carbon monoxide, phthalates, and lead, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. These chemicals can be emitted from or contained in other various parts and systems, fluids and some component wear by-products. To minimize exposure, avoid breathing exhaust, do not idle the engine except as necessary, service your equipment and vehicle in a well-ventilated area and wear gloves or wash your hands frequently when servicing your equipment or vehicle and after operation. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov/passenger-vehicle.

Breathing diesel engine exhaust exposes you to chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

 Always start and operate the engine in a well-ventilated area.

If in an enclosed area, vent the exhaust to the outside.

Do not modify or tamper with the exhaust system.

Do not idle the engine except as necessary.

For more information go to

www.P65warnings.ca.gov/diesel.

# T65J/T72J/T85J Mobile Elevating Work Platform Maintenance Manual

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